## 03/29/2021

## HW15: Fracture: Work of fracture measurement with a double cantilever beam specimen

## Overview

In this HW you are asked to calculate the load that would be required to cause fracture in a specimen made of silicon with a variable fracture energy using the equation derived in class that is

$$2\gamma_F = \frac{P^2}{2w} \frac{dS}{dc} \tag{1}$$

where P is the load at fracdture, w is the depth of the double cantilever beam (DCB) specimen.

(i) Please show that the units in Eq. (1) are balanced.

The geometrical parameters for the specimen are given below



$$u = \frac{PL^3}{3EI}, I = \frac{wh^3}{12}$$
  $k = \frac{P}{2u}, S = \frac{2u}{P}$ 

In above *k* is the stiffness and *S* is the compliance (equal to the inverse of the stiffness)

You may use the following geometrical parameters (referring to a specimen made with MEMS technology)

L, the crack length =  $200 \ \mu m$ 

h, the thickness = 25  $\mu$ m

w, the width =50  $\mu$ m

Assume that the work of fracture for silicon, varies between 2 to  $10 \text{ Jm}^{-2}$ .

(ii) Make a plot of the Load at fracture (P) as a function of  $2\gamma_F$ .

(iii) Draw a second curve in the same plot using the crack length to be 150  $\mu$ m (instead of 200  $\mu$ m)